



GoNorth

Geosciences in the Northern Arctic

Project partners: NGU, NTNU, SINTEF, UiB, UiO, UiT and UNIS
with Akvaplan-niva, NERSC, NORSAR, NPI and UNI Research

Gunnar Sand, Matthias Forwick, Rolf Mjelde

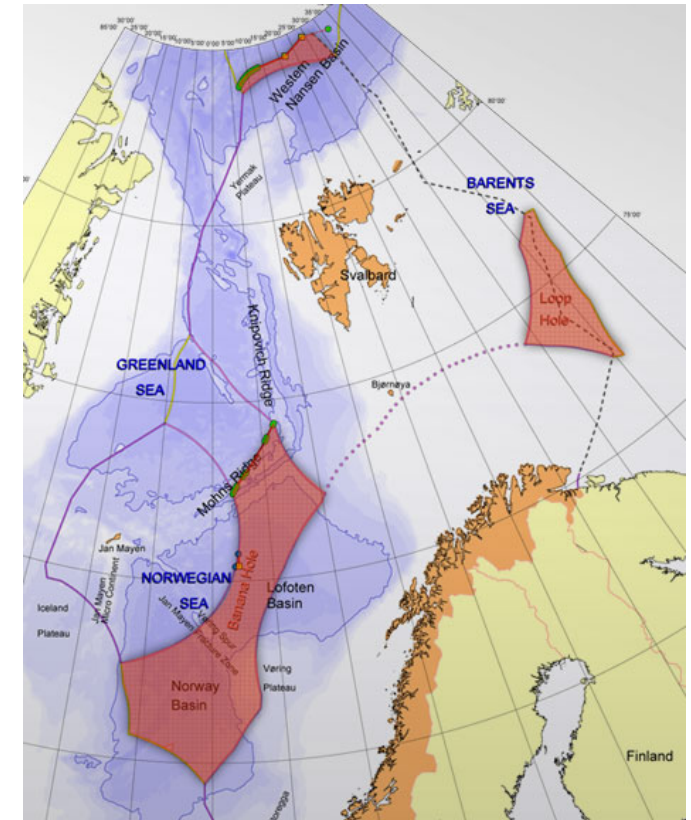
April 2018

Grønlandshavet

Svalbard

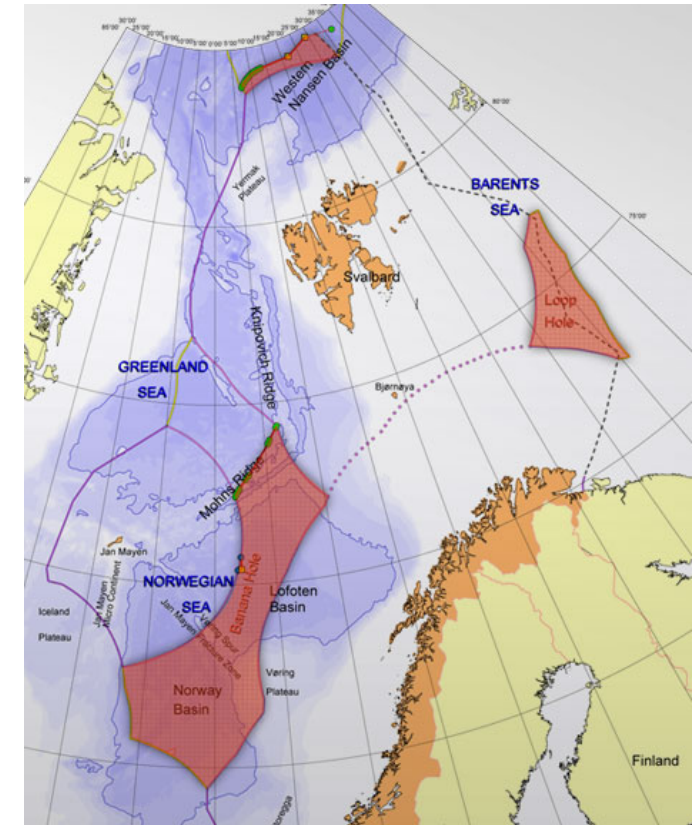
Why an Arctic Ocean research program?

- Norway's claim to an extended continental shelf beyond 200 nm was accepted in 2009
(Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf)
- Agreement between Norway and Russia on the maritime boundary in 2011
- We hardly know our new territories
- Other nations are active in exploring the Arctic Ocean, using ice breaking research vessels



GoNorth – goals of the pre-project

- Develop a high quality scientific program
- Identify cost-effective logistics platforms and develop a logistics strategy
- Identify possible funders and develop a funding strategy
- Attract international partners who share our interests and ambitions
- The pre-project was supported by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs through the *Arctic 2030 program*



GoNorth: Scientific work packages

WP 1	Continental rifting/ break-up processes	WP leaders: Jan Inge Faleide (UiO) and Susanne Buiter (NGU) – with Snorre Olaussen (UNIS), Alexander Minakov (UiO), Johannes Schweitzer (NORSAR), Rolf Mjelde (UiB)
WP 2	Ultra-slow Oceanic Spreading	WP leaders: Rolf B. Pedersen (UiB) and Carmen Gaina (CEED/UiO) – with Cedric Hamelin (UiB), Kuvvet Atakan (UiB), Johannes Schweitzer (NORSAR)
WP 3	Greenhouse - Icehouse fluctuations	WP leaders: Astrid Lyså (NGU) and Matthias Forwick (UiT) – with Jochen Knies (NGU), Katrine Husum (NPI), Tom Arne Rydningen (UiT), Lena Håkansson (UNIS), Jan Sverre Laberg (UiT), Nele Meckler (UiB), Bjørg Risebrobakken (Uni Research), Riko Noormets (UNIS)
WP 4	Developing/ testing new technology	WP leaders: Asgeir J. Sørensen (NTNU) and Rolf Birger Pedersen (UiB) – with Tore Aunaas, Kay Fjørtoft and Alf Melbye (SINTEF), Jørgen Berge and Alfred Hanssen (UiT), Tor Arne Johansen (UiB), Geir Johnsen, Martin Ludvigsen, Sveinung Løset and Roger Skjetne (NTNU)
WP 5	Oceanography, marine biology	WP leaders Oceanography: Hanne Sagen/Stein Sandven (NERSC), with Mathilde Sørensen (UiB) WP leaders Marine biology: Jørgen Berge (UiT) and Malin Daase (UiT)

34 scientists contributed to the pre-project scientific report

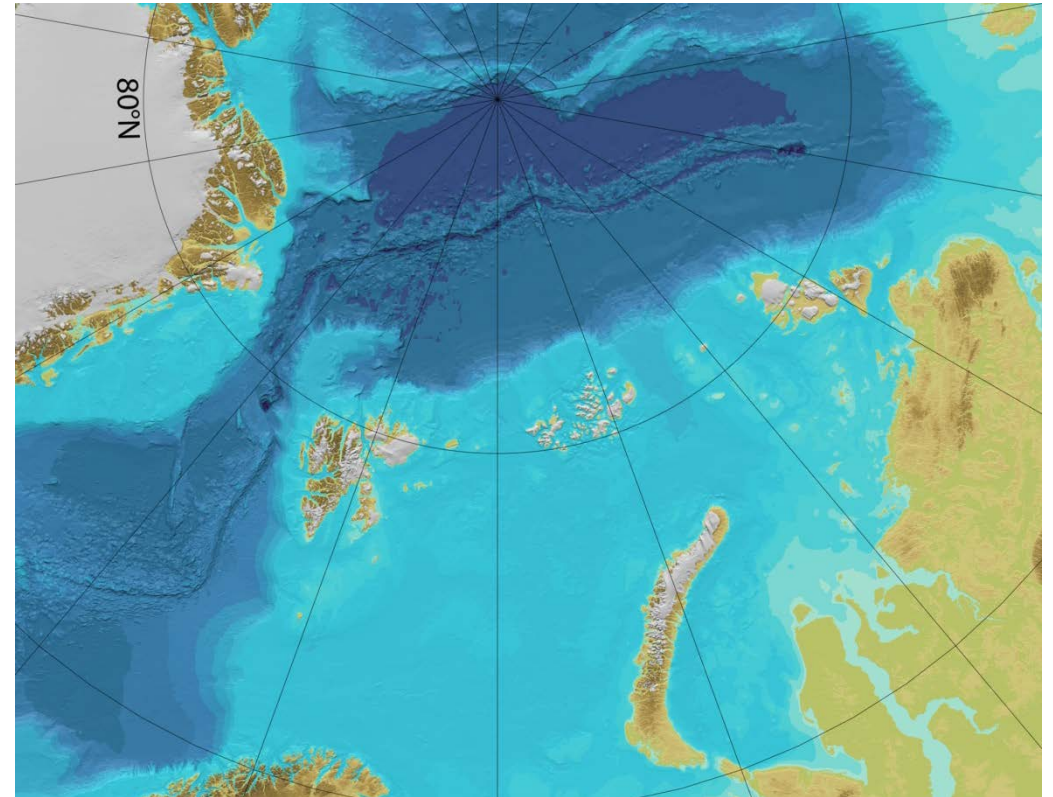
WP 1: Continental rifting and break-up processes

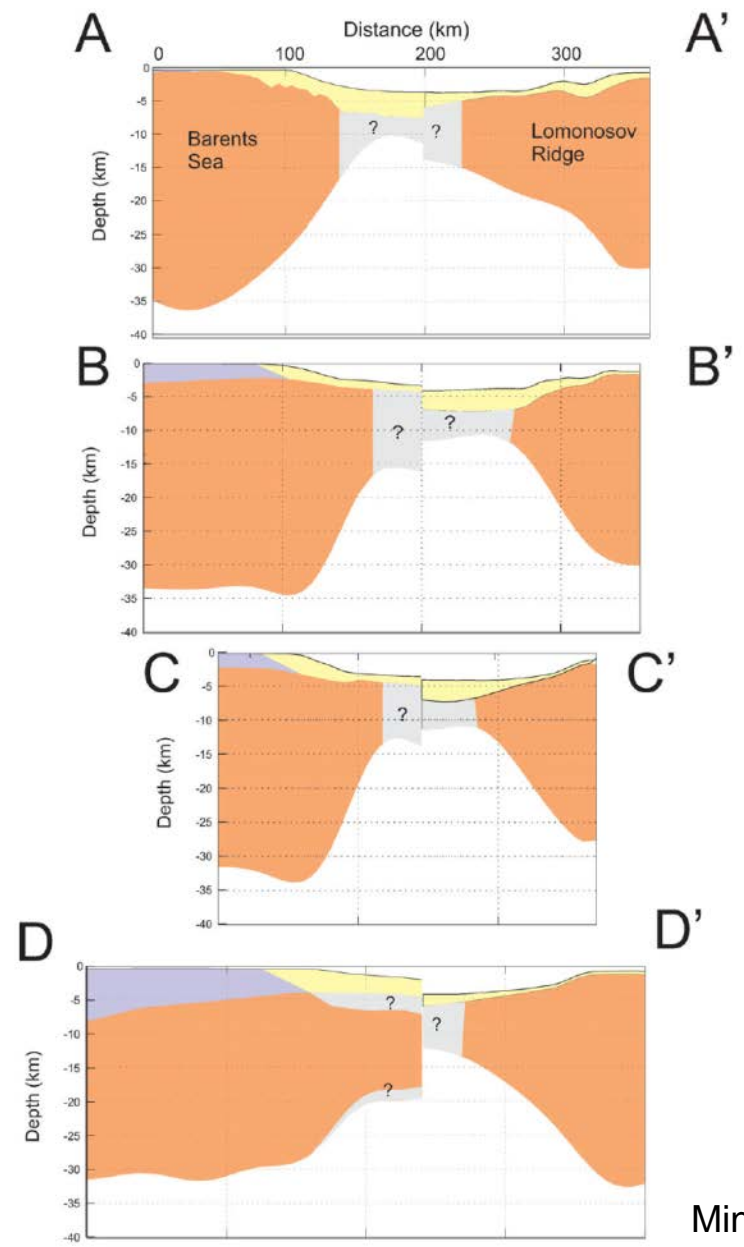
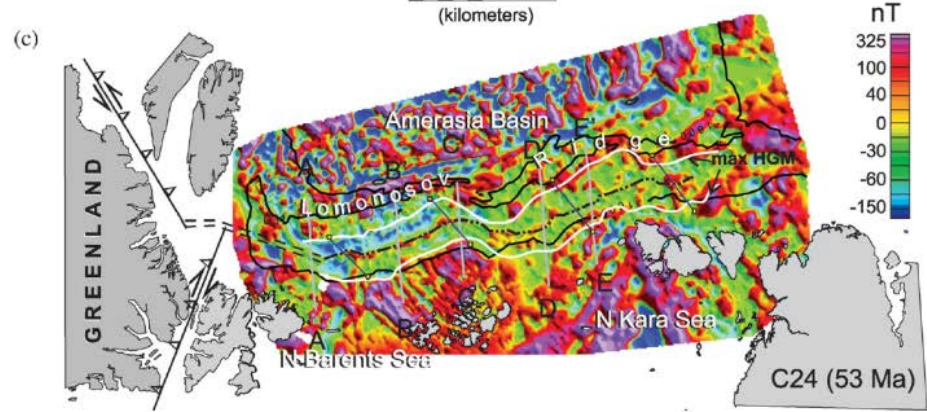
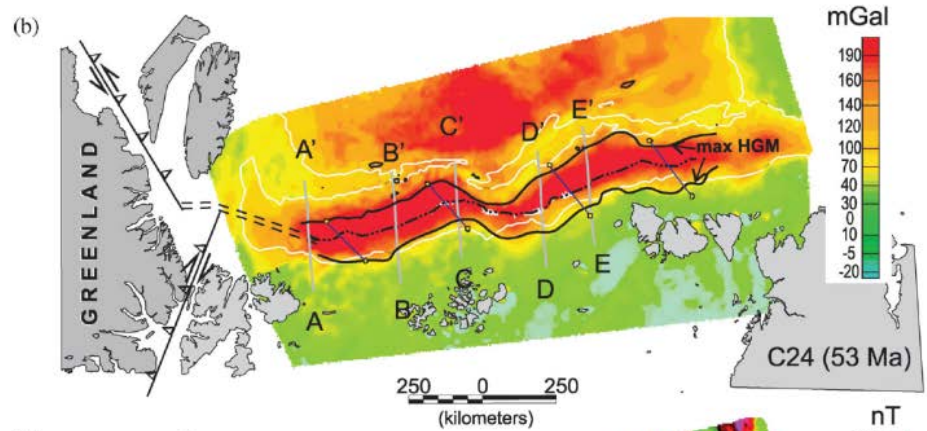
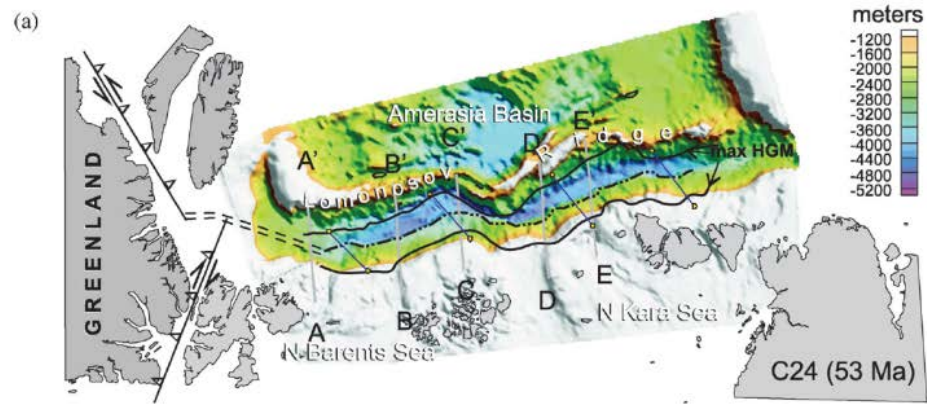
Scientific objectives:

- Rifting – continental breakup
- Crustal architecture (continent-ocean transition)
- Post-breakup evolution (source-to-sink <-> WP3)
 - Cenozoic uplift/erosion of Barents Shelf - Svalbard
 - Nansen Basin stratigraphy
- Recent geodynamic setting

Principal investigators:

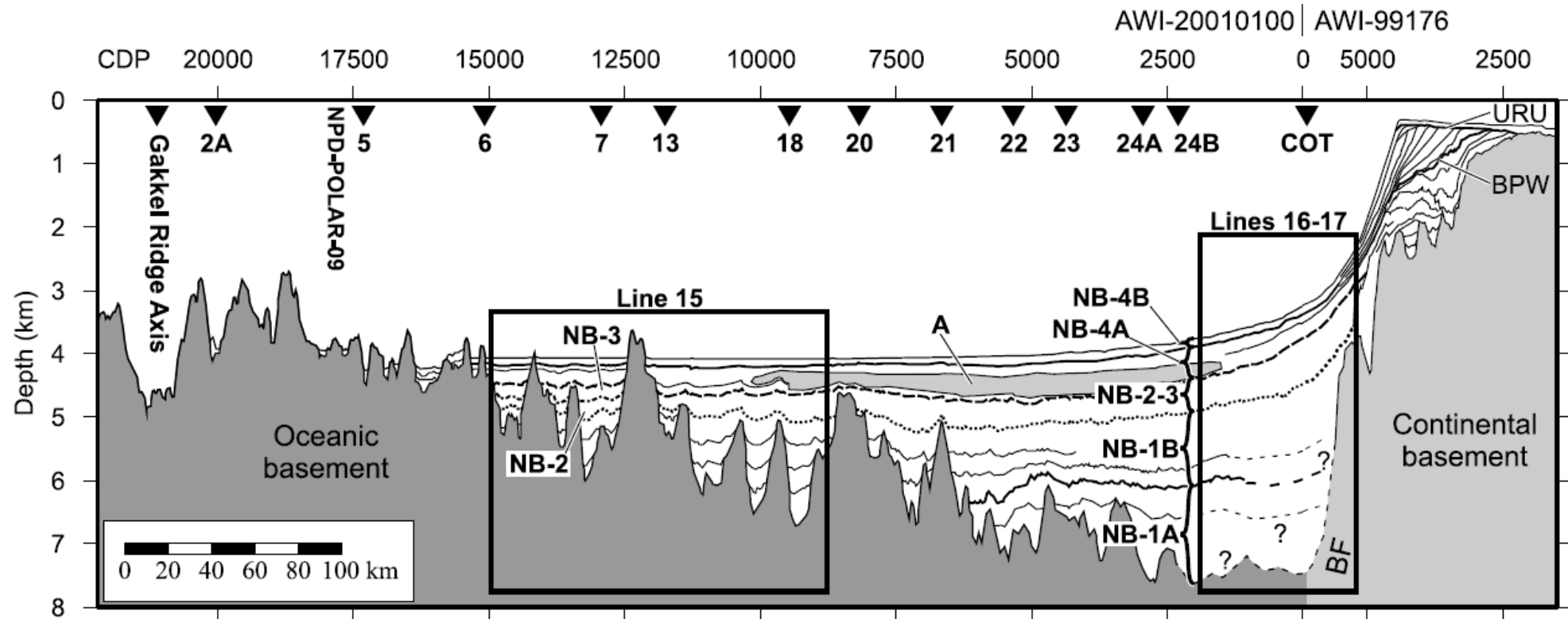
- Jan Inge Faleide, UiO
- Susanne Buiter, NGU





Minakov et al. (2012)

Northern Barents Sea margin



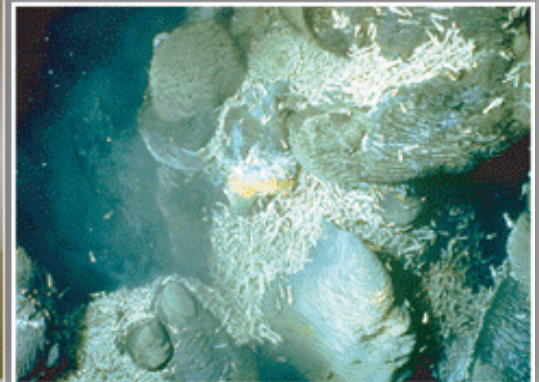
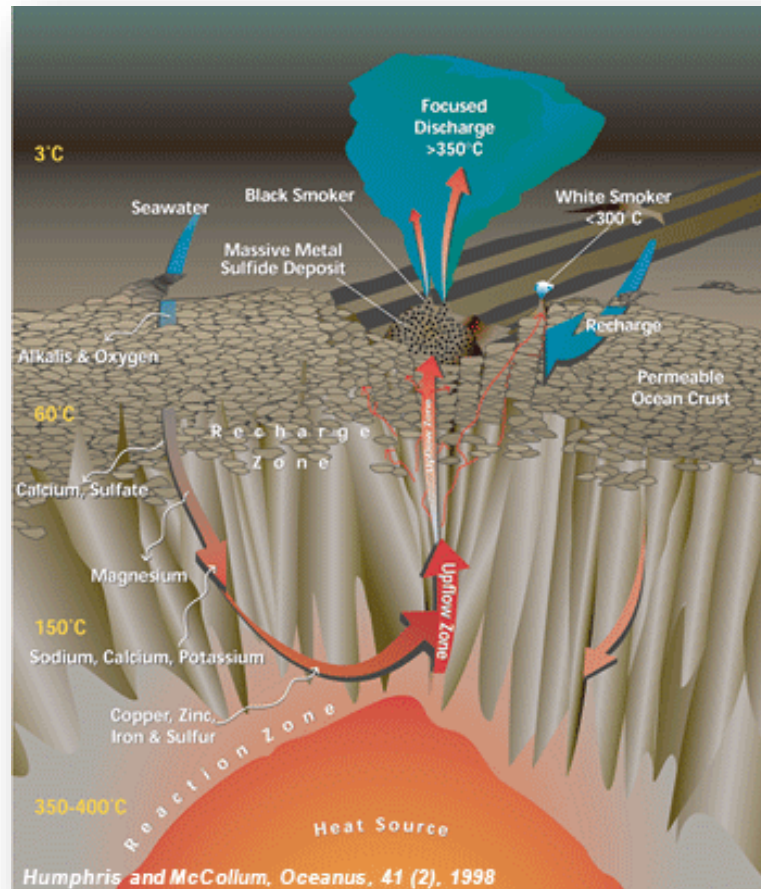
Jokat & Micksch (2004)
Engen et al. (2009)

WP 2: Ultra-slow spreading at the Gakkel Ridge

and oceanic crust formation in the Eurasian Basin

Principal investigators:

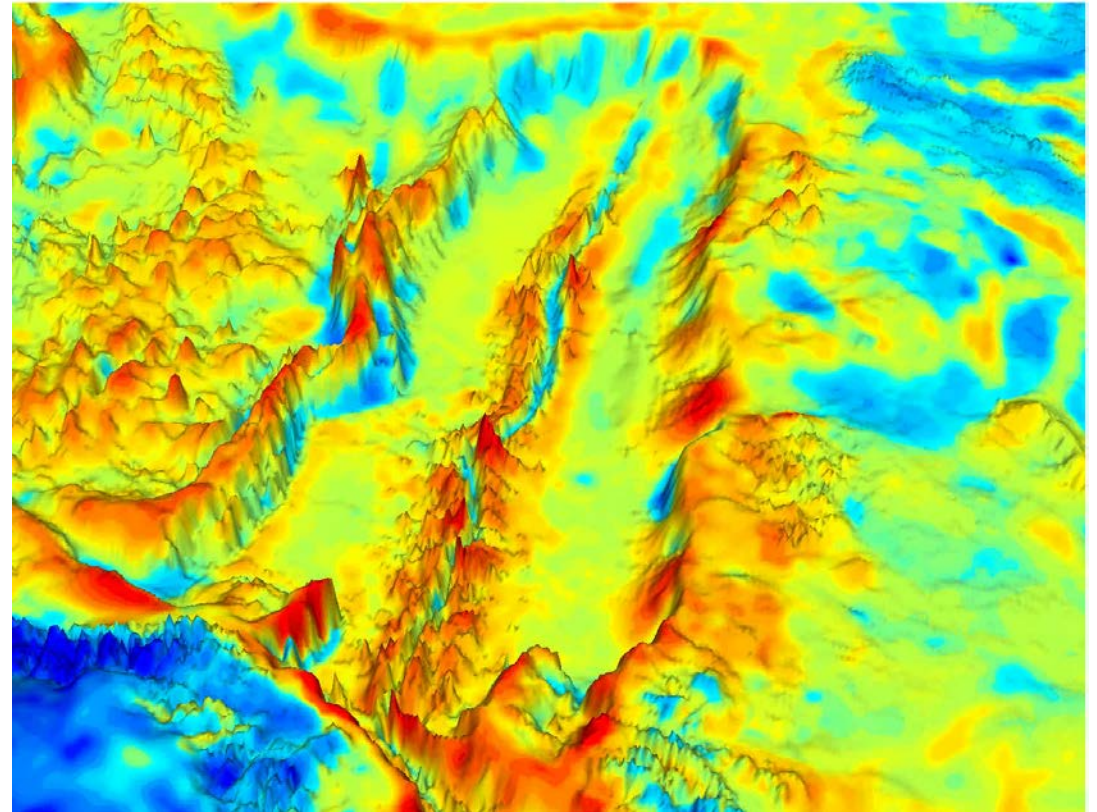
- Rolf Birger Pedersen, UiB
- Carmen Gaina, UiO



Target Areas: Western Gakkel Ridge

Scientific objectives:

- Ultraslow spreading
- Amagmatic + magmatic spreading
- Diverse hydrothermal activity
- Evolution from rift to drift
- Aerial geophysical surveys
- Evolution of Arctic mantle boundary
- High resolution seafloor mapping
- Sampling of ridge for volcanology/petrology
- Deployment of seismometers for tectonics/seismology



WP 3: Post Break-up Sedimentary Processes

Greenhouse – Icehouse – Cenozoic Evolution

Integrating marine and terrestrial records



Principal investigators:

- Astrid Lyså, NGU
- Matthias Forwick, UiT

Work package Goals

Climate, glacial and oceanographic history in the Arctic Ocean throughout the last 65 Ma

- Complete Cenozoic stratigraphy and climate history
- Resolve hot and cold climate extremes

Calibration of processes

- Analogues studies for present ice sheets
- Baseline for future projections

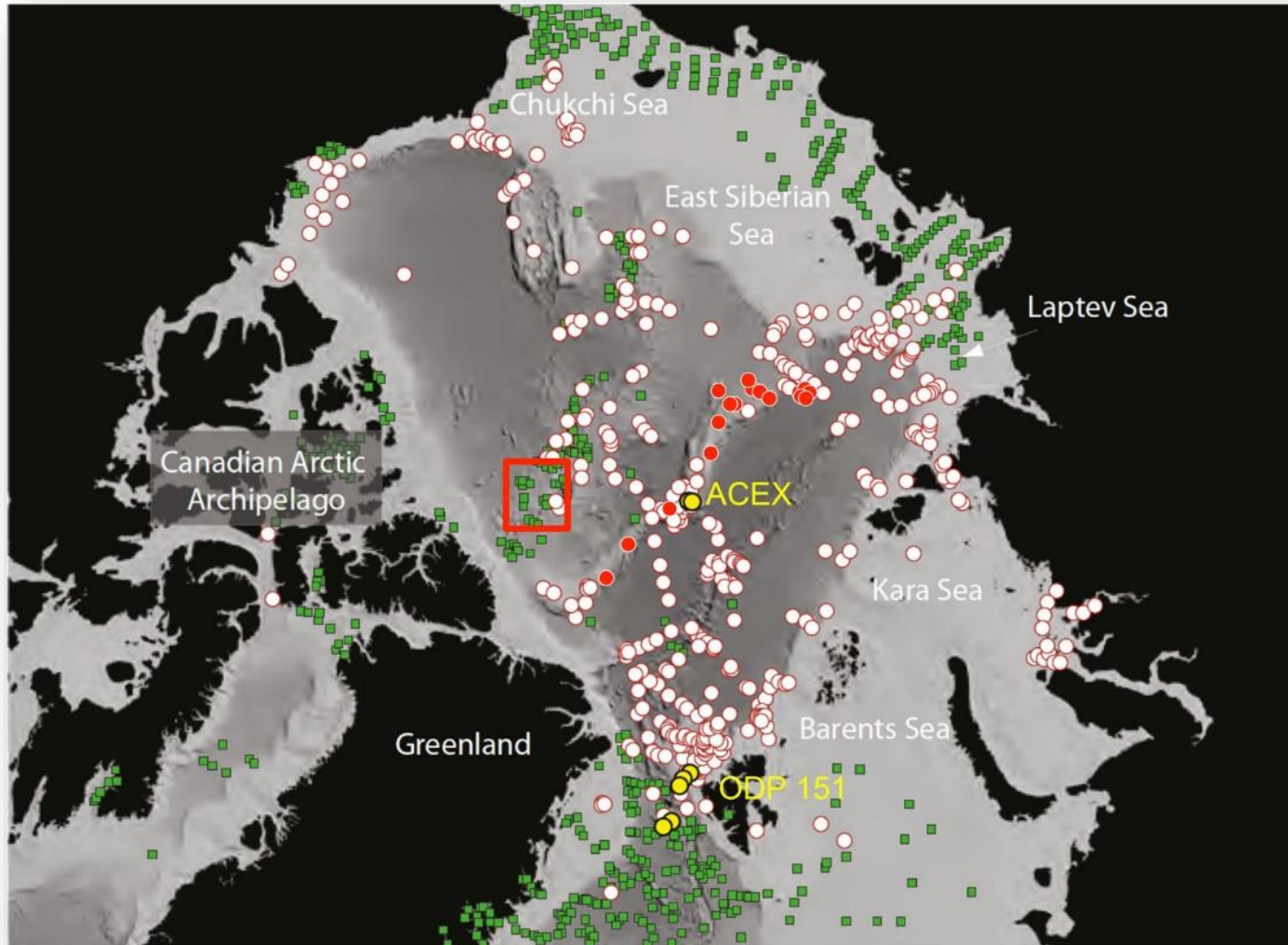


Photo: E. Speelman

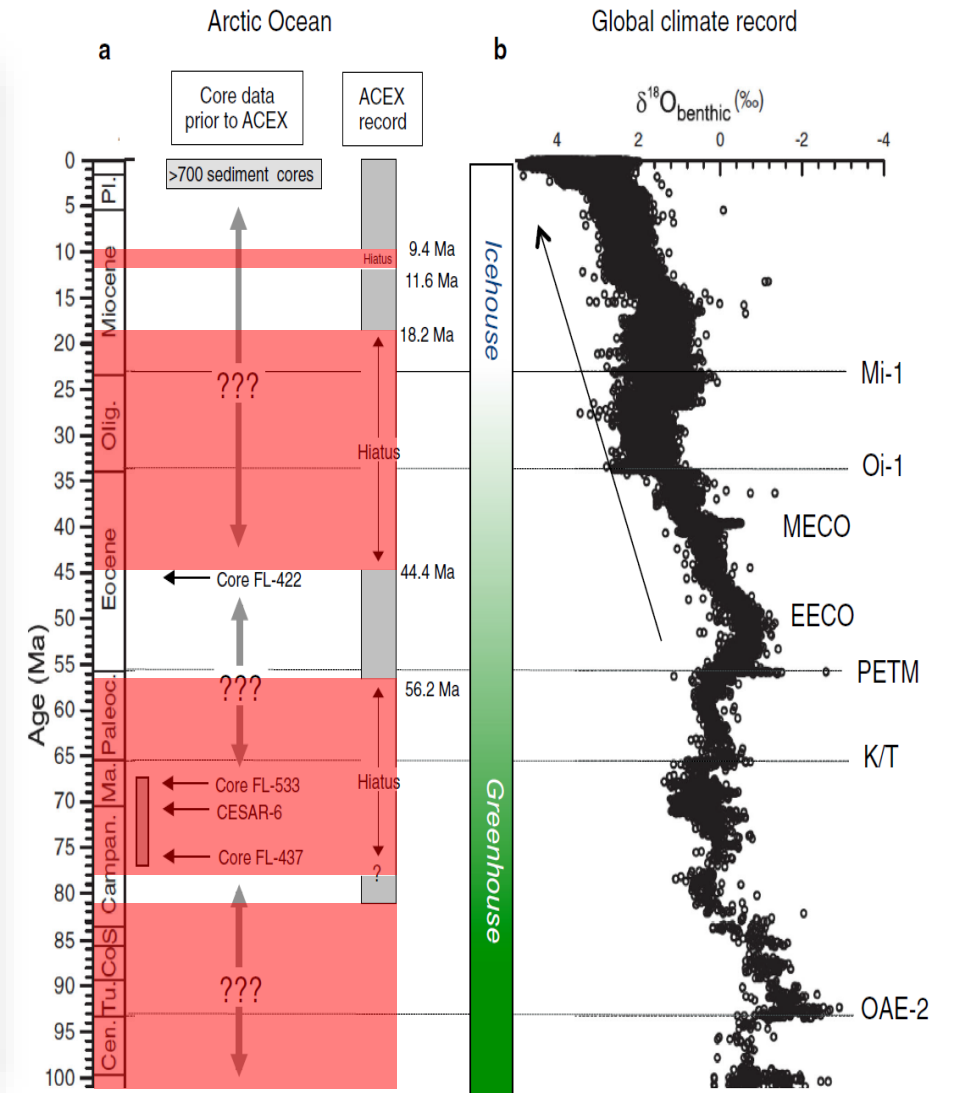


Photo: M. Forwick

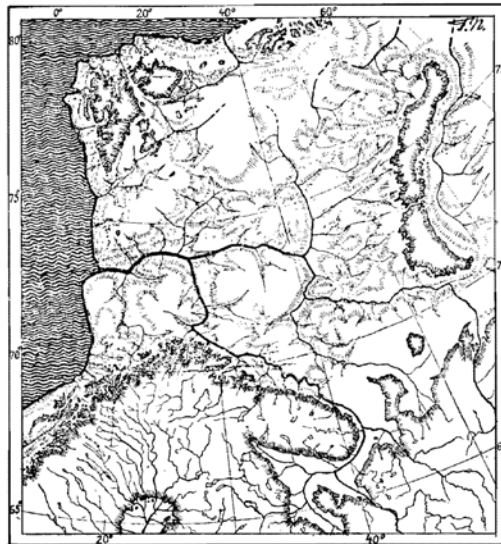
State of knowledge



From Stein et al., 2015

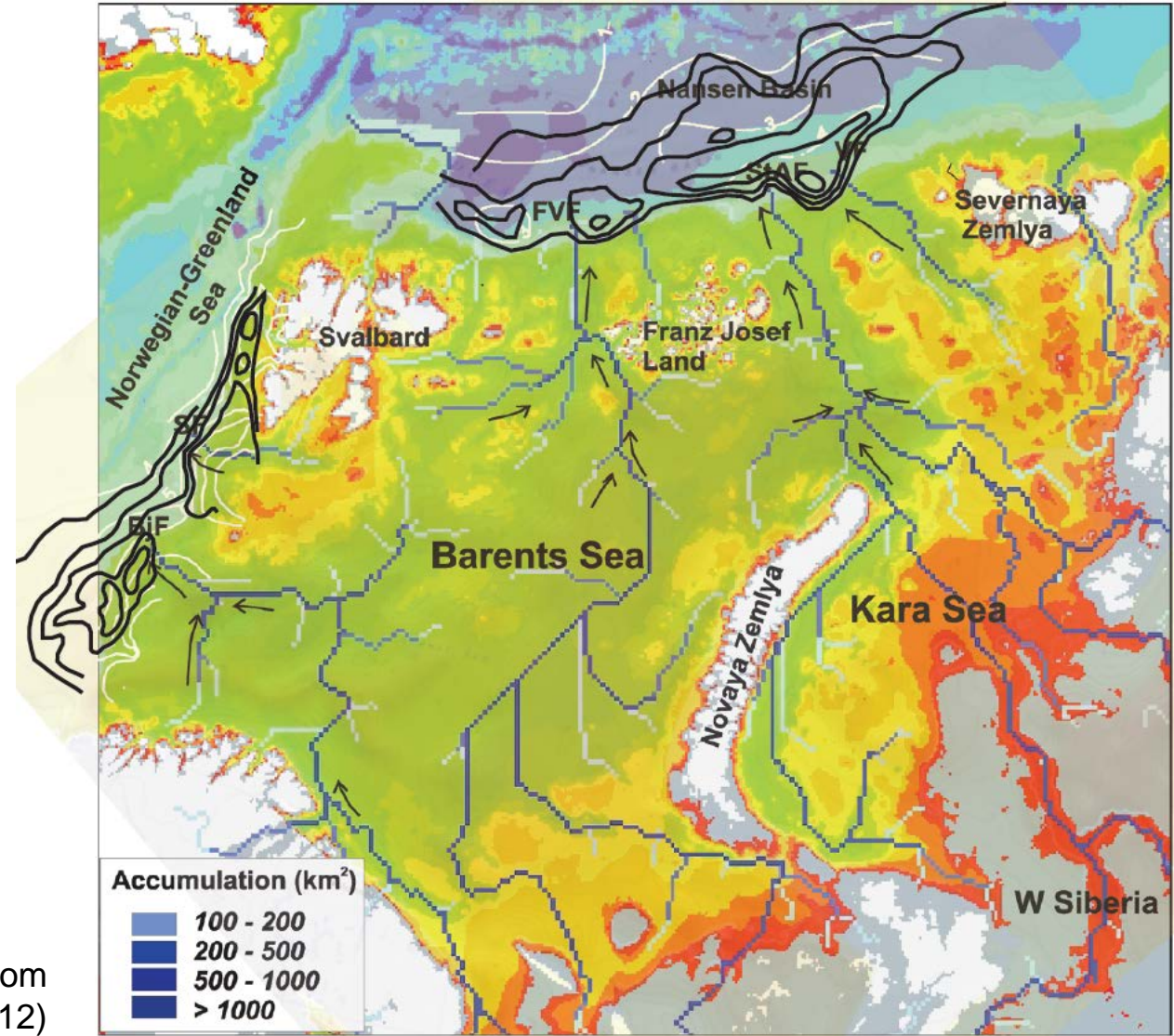


Source-to-sink: Late Cenozoic uplift/erosion sedimentary fans



Nansen (1920)

Modified from
Minakov et al. (2012)



WP 4: Testing and developing new technology

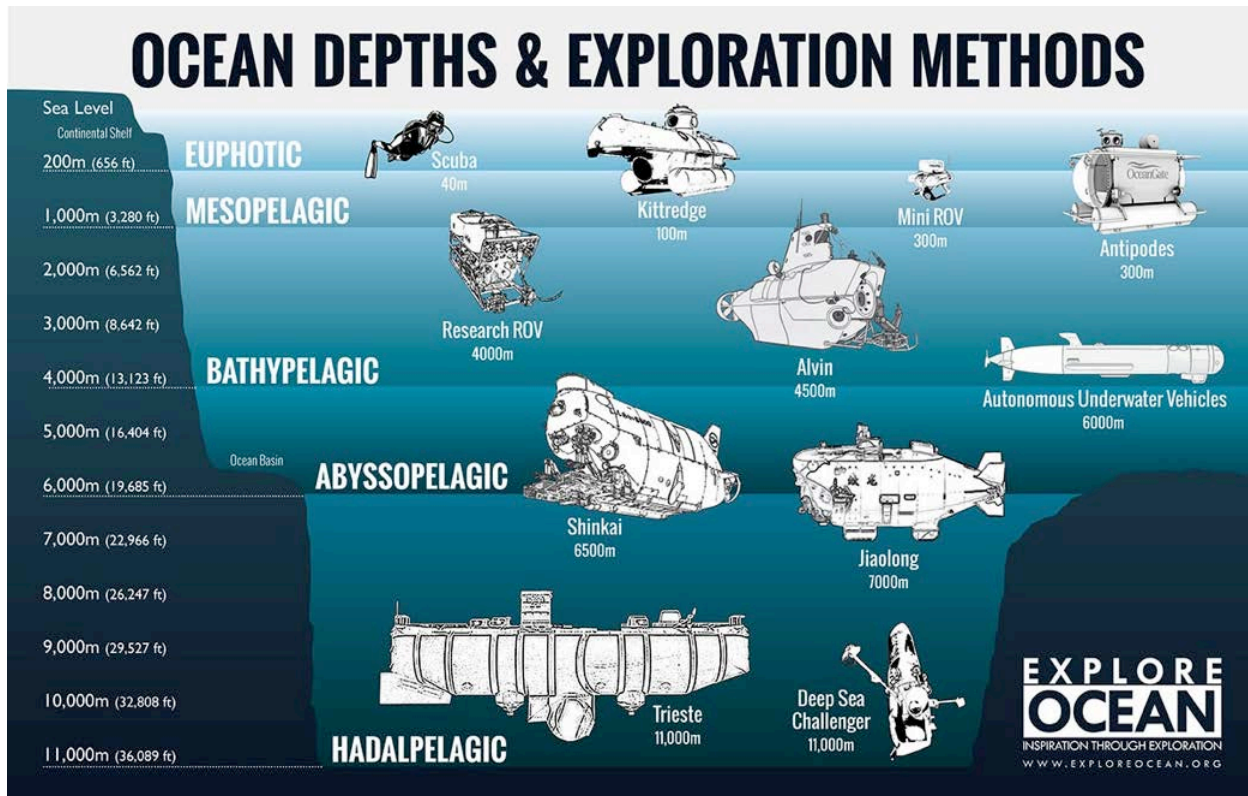
- Autonomous vehicles
- Environmental surveillance
- Drilling under extreme conditions
- Ice mechanics, sea ice monitoring
- Navigation/communication
- Safety, working conditions
- Polar lows, icing

Principal investigators:

- Asgeir Sørensen, NTNU
- Rolf Birger Pedersen, UiB



Norwegian Marine Robotics Facility



Ægir 6000 – a world class ROV for deep sea and under-ice research



An illustration of an Arctic research scene. A satellite orbits in the sky above a yellow sun. A blue and white research ship with a helicopter deck is navigating through a field of white sea ice. A blue and white aircraft flies in the sky. Several orange buoys are scattered across the ice. Two scientific instruments on tripods are positioned on the ice. A dark blue oval is overlaid on the bottom half of the image, containing text.

WP 5: Arctic Ocean Ecosystems

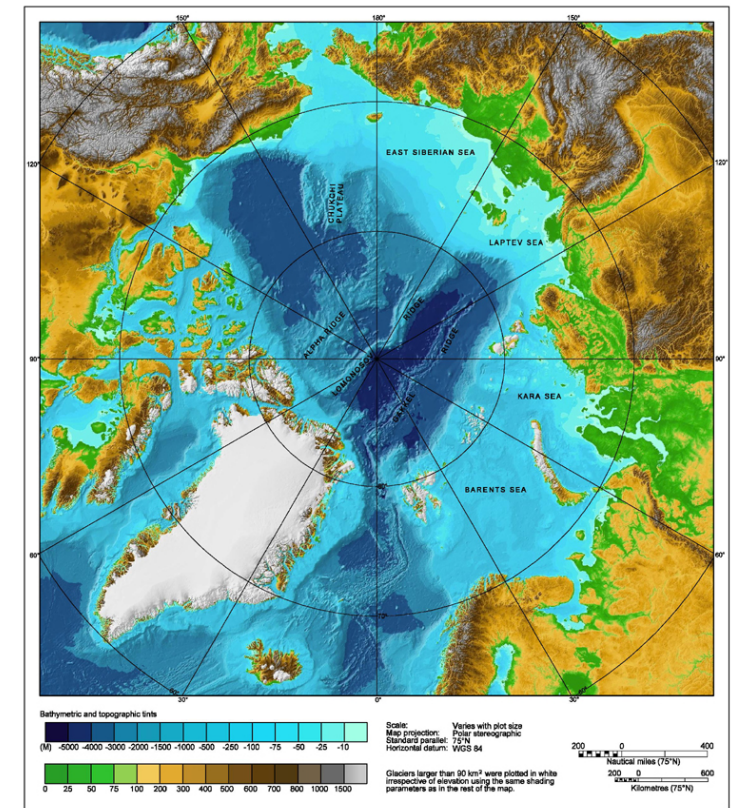
- Observations of water column and sea ice cover
- Physical oceanography and sea ice
- Water column biology

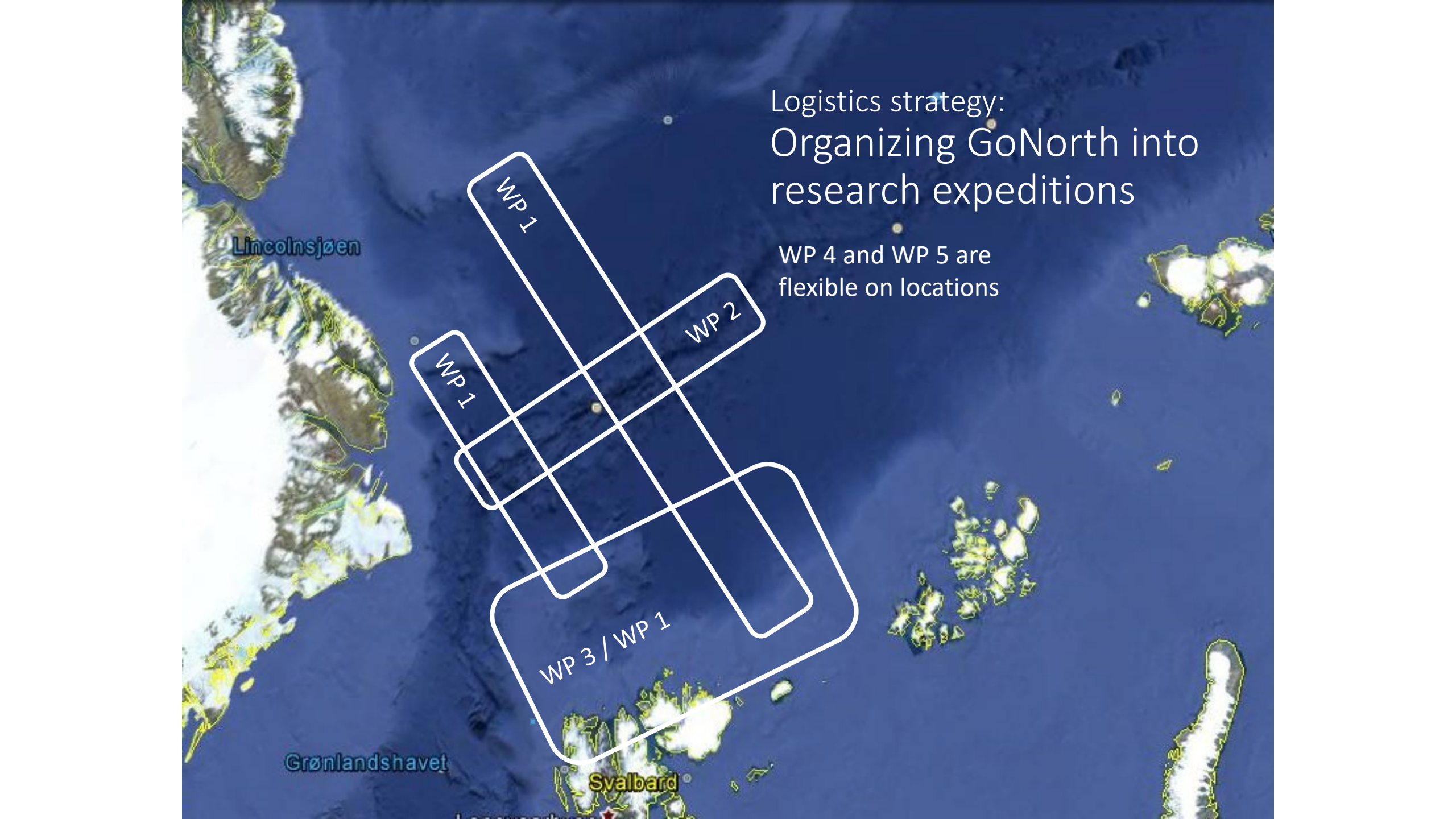
Principal investigators:

- Stein Sandven, NERSC
- Jørgen Berge, UiT

WP 6: Mapping our new territories

- Mapping depth and sea-floor for the Mapping Authority?
- Performing seismic studies for the Petroleum Directorate?
- Collecting geological field data for the Geological Survey?
- Collecting environmental data for the Environmental Directorate?





Logistics strategy: Organizing GoNorth into research expeditions

WP 4 and WP 5 are
flexible on locations

- Education is part of the program

We want to introduce a new generation of polar researchers to the Arctic Ocean

Grønlandshavet

Svalbard



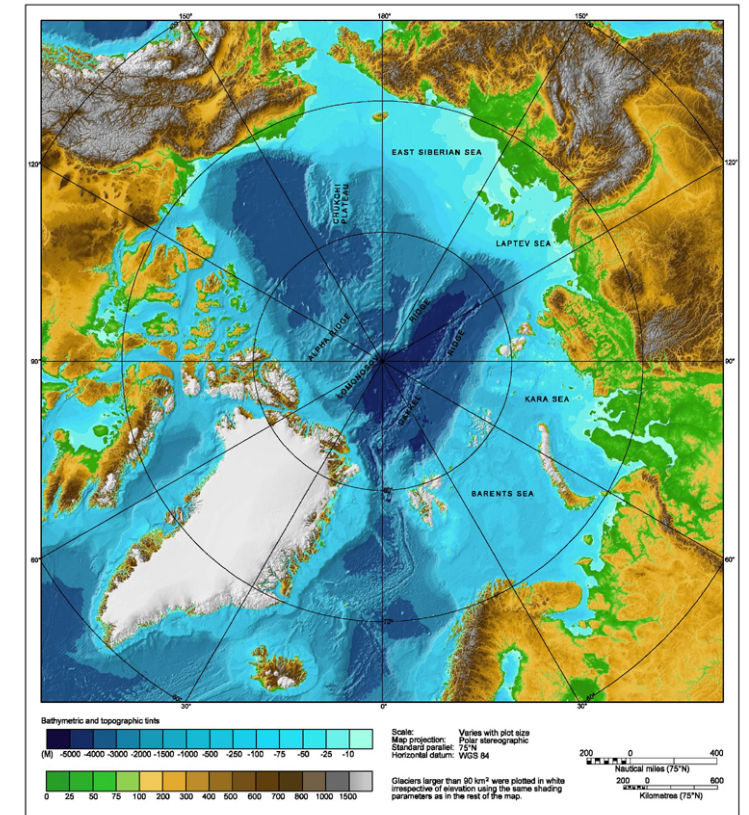
Main conclusions from the pre-project

- **A Norwegian program for exploring the Arctic Ocean is realistic and feasible – with some pre-conditions.**
- Norwegian research communities must cooperate to reach their goals.
- The program must serve several missions: (1) Basic research, (2) Technology development, (3) Mapping the territories, (4) Demonstrating Norwegian presence in the Arctic Ocean.
- Knowledge generated by GoNorth must be considered useful in a political and management context. We propose a government funded, MAREANO-type program, for mapping the new Norwegian territories.
- Research and technology development may be funded through existing instruments (NRC, EU and Nordic).
- Cooperation with international partners is a key to success. Norwegian research communities are well respected abroad, but international researchers have been far more active in the Arctic Ocean in recent years.
- *Kronprins Haakon* is an outstanding vessel which we want access to, but it can not serve all our needs.
- Access to ice-breakers is a major challenge which requires international cooperation and cost-sharing.
- Private companies may be interested in supporting a Norwegian Arctic Ocean exploration program.

Phase 2: Operationalize the pre-project

Transform research program into international research expeditions

- We have a number of options – combining different partners in different scientific fields on different ships to different locations
- Each expedition has to be developed as a separate project with a separate budget, drawn from multiple sources
- Mapping the new territories needs to be performed in cooperation with stakeholder government agencies
- **Proposal for funding forwarded to Arctic 2030-program**

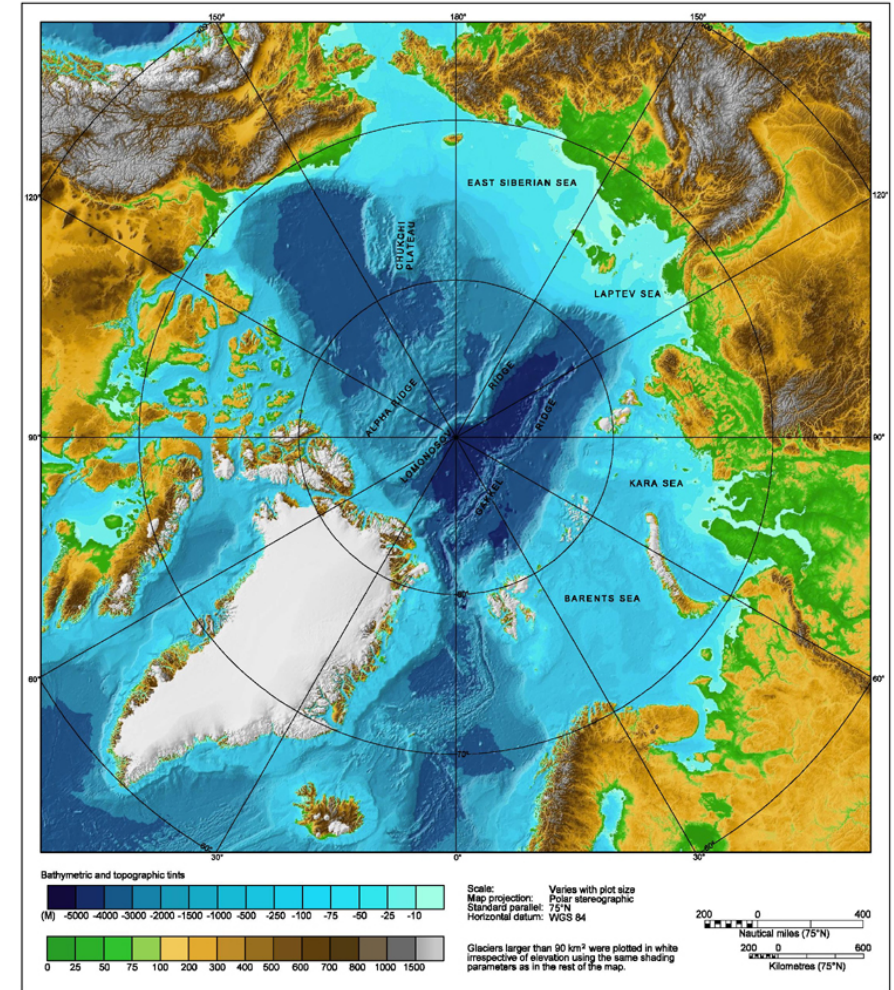


International Cooperation

International cooperation is needed for scientific and logistical reasons, Norway can't operate on its own in the entire study area

We have discussed cooperation with researchers from:

- The Swedish Polar Research Secretariat
- University of Stockholm
- University of Copenhagen
- Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland (GEUS)
- Alfred Wegener Institute (AWI)
- Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe (BGR)
- The Polish Academy of Sciences
- Contacts with Russian, Korean, Japanese and Chinese institutes



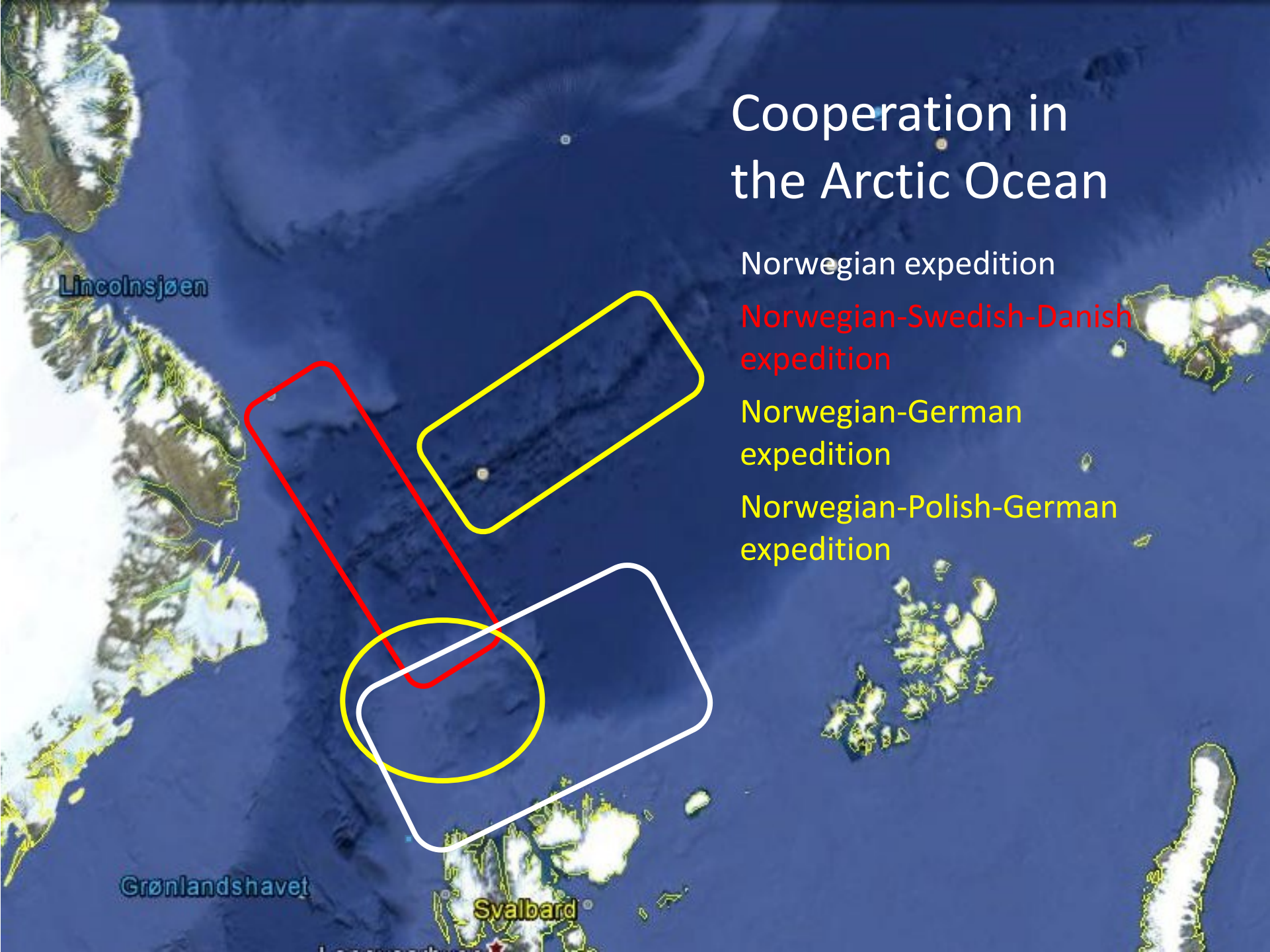
Cooperation in the Arctic Ocean

Norwegian expedition

Norwegian-Swedish-Danish expedition

Norwegian-German expedition

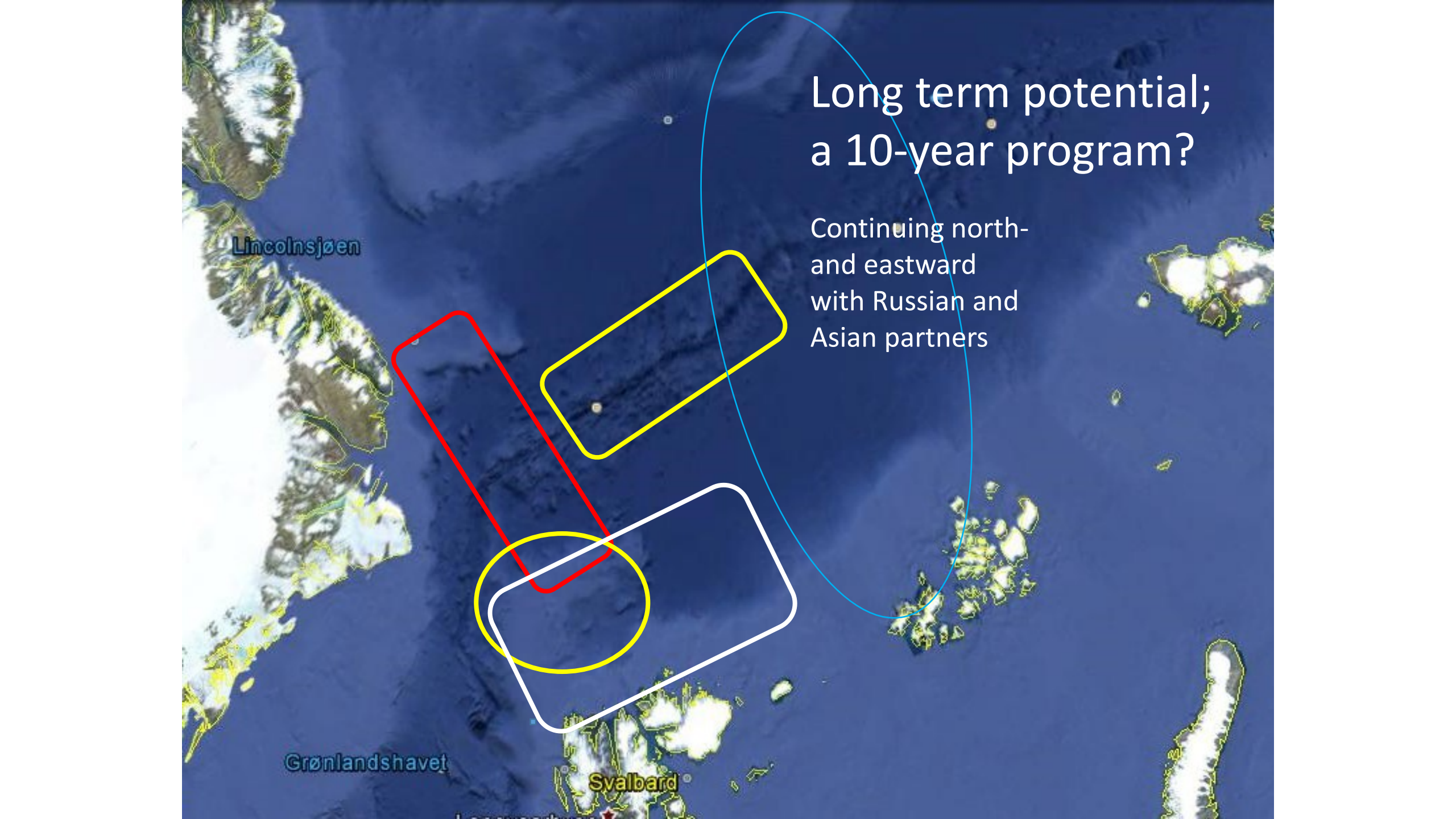
Norwegian-Polish-German expedition



Lincolnsjøen

Grønlandshavet

Svalbard

A satellite-style map of the Arctic region. The landmasses are shown in white and light green, while the sea is dark blue. Three overlapping rectangular areas are highlighted with thick lines: a red one on the left, a yellow one in the center, and a white one at the bottom. A large, thin blue oval encircles the text on the right. Labels include 'Lincolnsjøen' in the upper left, 'Grønlandshavet' at the bottom left, and 'Svalbard' at the bottom center. The text 'Long term potential; a 10-year program?' is at the top right, and 'Continuing north- and eastward with Russian and Asian partners' is below it.

Long term potential;
a 10-year program?

Continuing north-
and eastward
with Russian and
Asian partners

Lincolnsjøen

Grønlandshavet

Svalbard

On-going dialogue with AWI

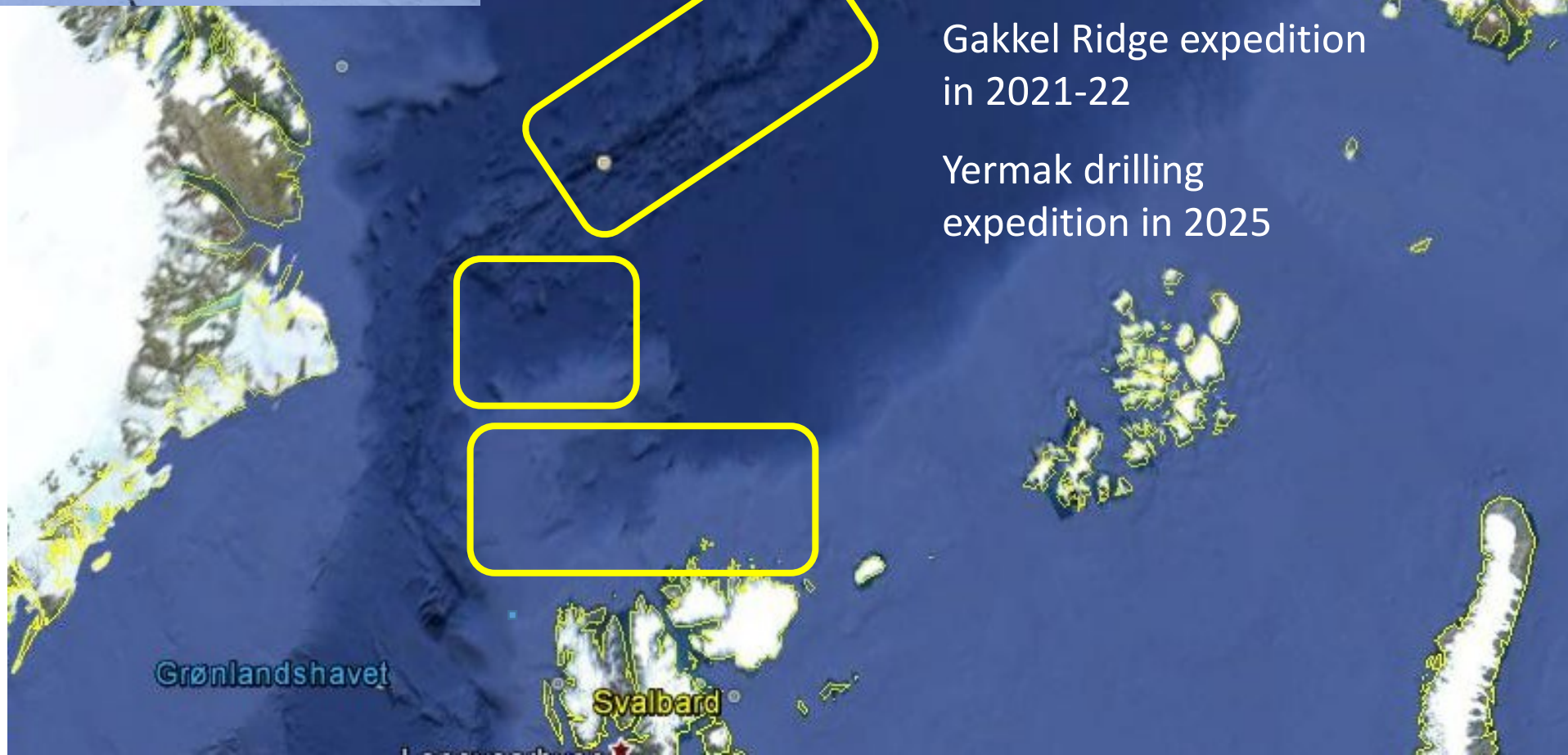
Northern Margin
expedition in 2019-20

Gakkel Ridge expedition
in 2021-22

Yermak drilling
expedition in 2025



Photo: M. Forwick



The first GoNorth cruise needs to be Norwegian



- Starting on the Svalbard shelf with *Kronprins Haakon* in 2019?
- Cooperation with *Arven etter Nansen*, *MAREANO* or *Centers of Excellence*?
- Then continue northward

Additional option: Kjell Inge Røkke's vessel "REV"

- Ice-going vessel, well equipped, with a capacity of 50-60 scientists
- Available to science 4 months a year, starting in 2020
- The owner has a particular interest in environmental and multidisciplinary research



Bilde: TRG

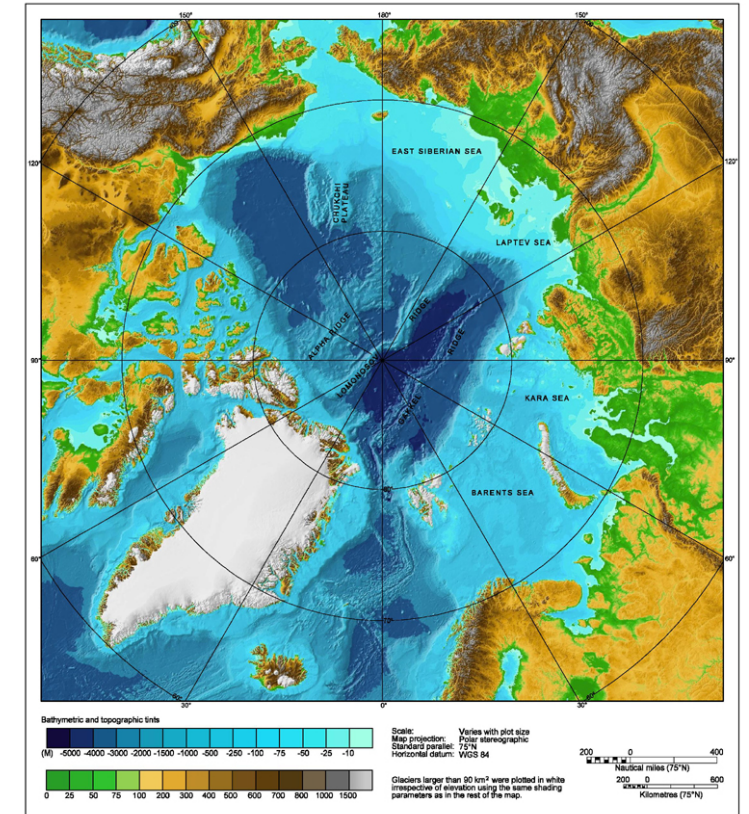
Extending the Norwegian partnership

Pre project partners:

- Univ. of Bergen
- Univ. of Oslo
- Univ. of Tromsø
- NTNU
- UNIS
- NGS
- SINTEF

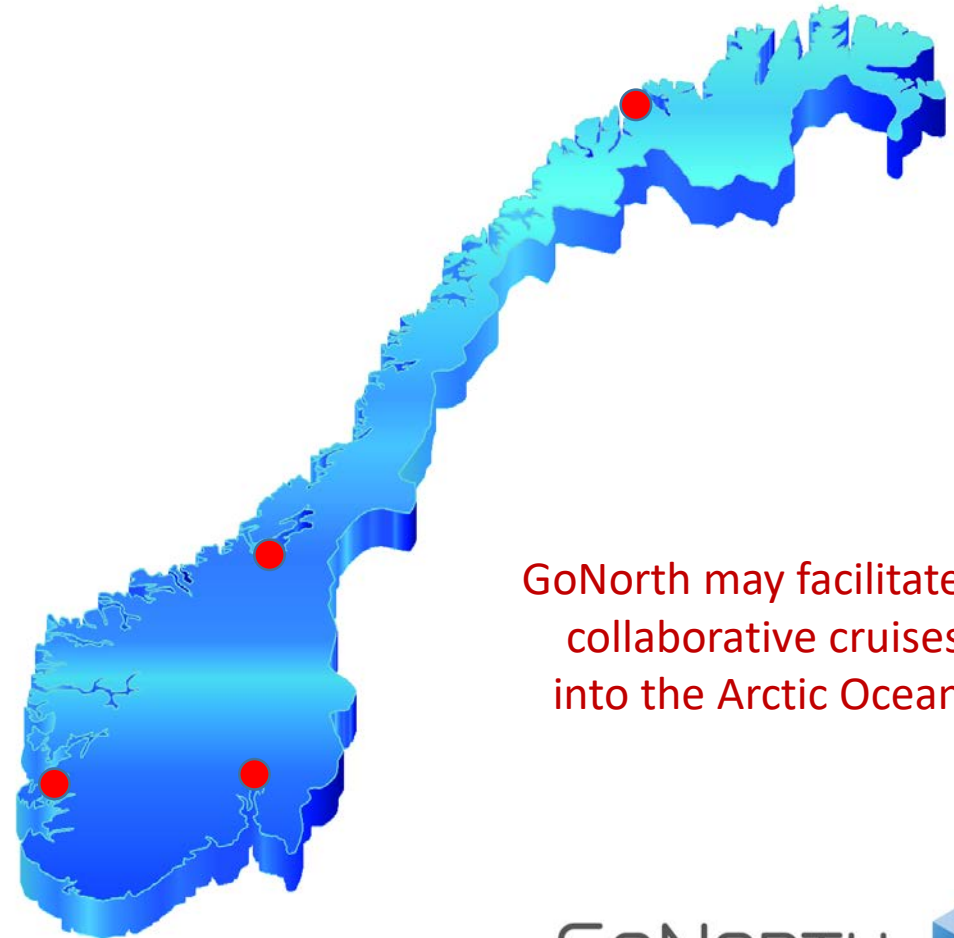
New partners Phase 2:

- NORSAR
- NERSC
- NPI
- Akvaplan-niva
- UNI Research



Supporting Research Centres and Centres of Excellence

- ARCEX – Research Center for Arctic Petroleum Exploration (Tromsø)
- CAGE – Centre for Arctic Gas Hydrate, Environment and Climate (Tromsø)
- AMOS – Centre for Autonomous Marine Operations and Systems (Trondheim)
- CGB – Centre for Geobiology/ Norwegian Ocean Laboratory (Bergen)
- CEED – Centre for Earth Evolution and Dynamics (Oslo)
- SAMCoT – Sustainable Arctic Marine and Coastal Technology (Trondheim)
- Bjercknes Centre for Climate Research (Bergen)



GoNorth may facilitate collaborative cruises into the Arctic Ocean

Short summary

- GoNorth is ...:
 - a multi-disciplinary basic-research programme proposed by a «national team» focussing on:
 - Continental rifting/ break-up processes
 - Ultra-slow Oceanic Spreading
 - Greenhouse - Icehouse fluctuations
 - Developing/testing new technology
 - Oceanography, marine biology
 - Mapping of new territories
 - Planning multiple expeditions, in collaboration with international partners
 - Currently identifying funding sources





Thank you for
Your attention!

For more information, contact:

Gunnar Sand: gunnar.sand@sintef.no

Rolf Mjelde: rolf.mjelde@uib.no

Matthias Forwick: matthias.forwick@uit.no